



Trade, Food Security and Nutrition - 4 Module version (TFSN2)

Prosperity



: 8 Jul 2026

- ☐☐ : Course
- ☐☐ : Web-based
- ☐☐ : 13 7☐ 2026 to 14 8☐ 2026
- ☐☐ : 5 Weeks
- ☐☐☐☐ : Public Finance, Trade and Economic Governance
- ☐☐ : <http://www.unitar.org>
- ☐☐ : US\$0.00
- ☐☐☐☐ email: pft-elearning@unitar.org
- ☐☐ : FAO (613), , FAO



Through the 2014 Malabo Declaration, African governments made a specific and clear commitment to boosting intra-African trade in agricultural commodities and services, and to harnessing market and trade opportunities locally, regionally, and internationally. This is increasingly regarded as a means to promote agricultural transformation in sub-Saharan Africa (SSA), since it can help address the key challenges to agricultural development in the region such as diverse agro-ecological systems, and small national markets.

In this context, the relationship between trade and food security is attracting increased attention on both the trade and the development agendas. The eradication of global hunger by 2030 is a key goal in the new 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and trade is recognized as one of the means for achieving the SDGs. The challenge is how to ensure that the expansion of agricultural trade works for and not against, the elimination of hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition. This challenge has been at the forefront as governments' struggle to negotiate the changes to the current global agreements on agricultural trade that are needed to ensure that trade results in enhanced food security.

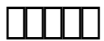
The increasing need for trade experts to support trade related development agenda in the region has posed a major challenge. National and regional institutions need to develop technical capacity and resources to map out national, sub-regional and regional level trade priorities and constraints; to empirically assess the implications of their multiple memberships on trade, food security and nutrition; to formulate appropriate mitigation policies and strategies; or to negotiate trade agreements that boost gains from trade and specialization.

This course therefore seeks to strengthen capacities in Eastern and Southern Africa, to develop and implement evidence-based trade policies, and to formulate and negotiate trade agreements, taking into consideration both their needs for economic growth and structural transformation, as well as their food security and nutrition concerns.



By the end of the course, participants will be better able to:

- Assess the challenges and opportunities posed by greater openness to trade for food security;
- Describe different types of trade policy measures, their role in promoting food security, and considerations for trade policy design and implementation;
- Discuss the key global policy and regulatory frameworks governing trade and food security, including the WTO Agreement on Agriculture and Agenda 2030; and
- Evaluate the role of trade in impacting nutritional outcomes, and the intersection of trade and nutrition policies.



The course is composed of three units, each of which comprises of two to three lessons and presents conceptual linkages and practical regional experiences on trade and food security and nutrition.

Unit 1: Introduction to Trade and Food Security

Lesson 1.1: Definitions and Linkages between Trade and Food Security

Lesson 1.2: Impacts of Trade on Food Security

Unit 2: Trade Policy Supportive of Food Security

Lesson 2.1: Trade Policy Measures and Agricultural Development

Lesson 2.2: Design and Implementation of Trade Policy Measures

Unit 3: Governance of Trade and Food Security

Lesson 3.1: Introduction to the Multilateral Trading System

Lesson 3.2: Policy Space for Food Security in the Multilateral Trading System

Lesson 3.3: Towards Improved Governance for Trade and Food Security

Unit 4: Trade and Nutrition: Policy coherence for Healthy Diets

Lesson 4.1: Trade and Nutrition: Identifying the Linkages

Lesson 4.2: Trade in Food and Nutrients: Food Diversity, Nutrient Supply and Food Prices

Lesson 4.3: Strengthening Policy Coherence for Trade and Nutrition



The course will be conducted in English over a period of four weeks, organized in three units. The course will be delivered via the e-learning platform developed by the United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR, <http://www.unitar.org>), using training materials developed by FAO. This pedagogical tool will help participants meet the course's learning objectives through a self-paced study routine with optional and required readings, case study exercises, discussion forums and assessment quizzes. The course will also include the provision of webinars, and it will be facilitated and mentored by international experts who have a wealth of practical experience to ensure that realworld examples are integrated into the coursework.



Target Countries in Eastern and Southern Africa: Angola, Burundi, Botswana, Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Comoros, Lesotho, Madagascar, Mauritius, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Rwanda, Seychelles, Somalia, South Sudan, Eswatini (Swaziland), Tanzania, Uganda, South Africa, Zambia, and Zimbabwe

This course is designed to assist representatives from government and related authorities, who are directly involved in the formulation and implementation of agricultural policies and programmes in Eastern and Southern Africa. These may include officials from Ministries of Agriculture, Livestock; Ministries of Trade, Commerce, Industry; Ministries of Finance, Economy; and Food Safety, Sanitary, Phytosanitary, Veterinary and other authorities.

Private sector participants such as representatives from producer, agro-industry as well as traders associations will also benefit from the course. Researchers with interest in agricultural policy and trade analysis are also encouraged to apply.

Priority will be given to policy makers and practitioners who impact agricultural trade through regional, national or sector-level actions, and professionals who are able to convey information and provide technical advice to their constituencies (trainers, professional staff of producer organizations, extension officers etc.)



This course is offered free of charge and will be conducted in English language only. Limited slots are available and will be subject to a selection process conducted by FAO, taking into account in particular, the geographical distribution and gender balance.

In order to receive the final confirmation of selection, participants would be requested to obtain permission to participate in the course from their direct supervisor.

In the preparation of this course, FAO draws from its extensive experience with providing guidance, capacity building and technical advice to its member countries on the topic of trade and food security, agricultural trade policy and

multilateral trade negotiations, as well as its normative work on the SPS issues.

A certificate of completion will be issued to participants who successfully complete all course-related assignments and assessments.

Contact Information

For more information about the course, please contact:

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